Design & Analysis Of Eco-Chassis (ATV Roll Cage)

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Abstract

The car body is a vital piece of a car as far as ATV Roll Cage is frame by Roll Cage. The Roll Cage is filled in as a casing work for supporting the body and distinctive parts of the car. Additionally, it ought to be sufficiently inflexible to withstand the stun, bend, vibration, and different burdens. Alongside quality, a vital thought in Roll Cage configuration is to have satisfactory twisting solidness for better taking care of attributes. Along these lines, quality and firmness are two imperative criteria for the structure of the Roll Cage. This project is the work performed towards the static auxiliary investigation of the All-Terrain Vehicle Roll Cage. Basic frameworks like the Roll Cage can be effortlessly investigated utilizing the limited component strategies. So an appropriate, limited component model of the Roll Cage is to be created. The Roll Cage is demonstrated in Solid Works. FEA is done on the displayed Roll Cage utilizing the Ansys Software. All the frameworks identified with the vehicle like the power plant, transmission, directing, suspension are joined to the case Frame. The general load support by the frame itself, so the suspension is made with great wear quality. ATV Chassis are worked for ecofriendliness, which implies they should be lightweight and have low frictional opposition. The essential capacity of ATV Chassis it can withstand any circumstance and secure the driver in case of an accident. The most extreme avoidance is dictated by a static investigation with the thought of battery, engine, and remaining parts. Computer-aided design programming is used to decide the body's quality and inflexibility, and results are checked by contrasting and investigative computation. The most extreme redirection is controlled by performing static examination with battery, engine, and remaining parts. Computer-aided design programming is used to decide the case's quality and unbending nature and contrast and contrast the results of the diagnostic count checks.

Keywords - Roll Cage Model, ANSYS workbench

I. INTRODUCTION

Move Cage can be called the skeleton of a vehicle, other than its motivation being seating the

Driver, giving security. Move confines are uniquely designed, and developed casing worked in the traveler compartment of a vehicle to shield inhabitants from being harmed in case of mishaps. An ATV vehicle having moved over insurance framework has been tried by accident test to check whether it is ok for its inhabitants or not. It demonstrates that the vehicle's front and back sides have smashed; however, the move confine indicates how hardened it is. We can't keep away from mishaps. However, we can lessen the number of fatalities amid these mishaps by taking wellbeing activities. The target of the investigation is to structure and build up the move confine for All-Terrain Vehicle. Material for the move confine is chosen dependent on quality, cost, and accessibility. The move confine is intended to fuse all the car subframeworks. A product display is set up in Solid works programming. Later the structure is tried against all methods of disappointment by leading different reproductions and stress investigation with the guide of Ansys Software. In light of the outcome got from these tests, the structure is altered in like manner. The vehicle is required to have a mixed outline and move confine comprising of steel individuals. As weight is basic in a vehicle controlled by a little motor, an equalization must be found between the quality and load of the plan. To best enhance this equalization, the utilization of strong displaying and limited component investigation (FEA) programming is, to a great degree, valuable, notwithstanding ordinary examination. The product show is set up in Solid Works programming. Later the structure is tried against the different kinds of disappointment by leading different effect conditions and stress examination with the guide of Ansys Software. After effectively planning the move confine, it is prepared for manufacture.

Related work

Denish S. Mevawala et al. [1] decided the move confine frames the auxiliary base and a 3-D shell encompassing the tenant, which secures the tenant if there should be an occurrence of effect and move over episodes. The move confines likewise add to the style of a vehicle. This paper manages the plan of move confines for an ATV, and Various stacking tests like Front Impact, Side Impact, and back effect have been led. They have concentrated on each purpose of move enclosure to enhance vehicle execution without the disappointment of move confine. After the investigation, they finished the confining structure for its quality against the crash from the front, raise, and side. The factor of security is under as far as possible. The move confine is supported 4G constrain from the front and raises 2G to compel from the side. In any case, misshapen stresses are under the limit.

Thanneru Raghu Krishna Prasad et al. structured the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Baja vehicle, a solitary situated off-road vehicle and is utilized for rough terrain use continuance an unpleasant territory. From numerous viewpoints, it is like an All-Terrain Vehicle (ATV). Then again, it is a lot of littler in size and has more secure rollover capacities. The displaying of the casing and suspension is finished by utilizing star e programming. This plan is checked by Finite Element Analysis after assessing the heap and the heaviness of the frame. They chose that the utilization of Solid Works was exceptionally useful to the structure and investigation of the edge and suspension for Mini Baja Car. The limited component investigation gave an extremely precise forecast of where disappointment would happen in this circumstance. Khelan Chaudhari et al. learned about the plan, advancement, and manufacture of the move confine for All-Terrain Vehicle understanding with the rulebook of BAJA 2013 given by SAE. Material for the move confine was chosen dependent on quality, cost, and accessibility. The move confine was intended to fuse all the car sub-frameworks. A product display is set up in Pro-build. Because of the outcome acquired from these tests, the structure was changed likewise. R. L. Patel, K.R.Gawande, D.B.Morabiya Automotive undercarriage is an essential piece of a vehicle. The undercarriage fills in as an edge work for supporting the body and diverse parts of the vehicle. Additionally, it ought to be sufficiently inflexible to withstand the stun, contort, vibration, and different anxieties. Alongside quality, an imperative thought in frame configuration is to have sufficient twisting and torsional solidness for better dealing with attributes. In this way, quality and firmness are two imperative criteria for the plan of the suspension. This report is the work performed towards examining the car skeleton with imperatives of firmness, quality, and common recurrence.

Hari Kumar, V.Deepanjali The paper's goal is to discover the best material and most appropriate crossarea for an Eicher E2 TATA Truck step body with the imperatives of greatest shear pressure, proportional pressure, and redirection of the case under the most extreme load condition. At present, the Ladder case utilized for making transports and trucks is C, and I cross-area type, which is made of Steel compound (Austenitic). In India the number of travelers travels in the transport isn't uniform. The abundance of travelers is going in the transports every day, because of which there are dependably potential outcomes of being disappointed/crack in the body/outline. Consequently, Chassis with a high-quality cross area is expected to limit the disappointments incorporating security components in the structure. In the present work, we have accepted higher quality as the primary issue, so the elements of a current vehicle case of a TATA Eicher E2 (Model no.11.10). The truck is taken for investigation with materials to be specific ASTM A710 Steel, ASTM A302 Alloy Steel, and Aluminum Alloy 6063-T6 exposed to a similar load. The diverse vehicle frame has been demonstrated by considering three distinctive cross-areas, specifically C, I, and Rectangular Box (Hollow) type cross segments. The issue to be managed for this exposition work is to Design and Analyze utilizing appropriate CAE programming for stepping stool body. The report is the work performed towards improving the vehicle body with requirements of solidness and quality. The displaying is finished utilizing Catia, and the investigation is finished utilizing Ansys. The skeleton's shades are determined for the burdens, and redirections diagnostically are contrasted and the outcomes acquired with the investigation programming.

II. METHODOLOGY

Two sections have managed this examination. This examination's initial segment includes displaying suspension edge and investigation of stresses and relocation under genuine load conditions. Computeraided design models of undercarriage outline were created in 3D displaying programming, for example, Solid Works and Catia V5. The pressure examination and solidness of the models are then acquired in ANSYS WORKBENCH 15.0. Simultaneously, the second part is shaped streamlining as weight or mass decrease reason using strong. Load of the proposed plan of body outline is then being contrasted with the present part that has been utilized for the past existing frame display.

Ventures in Designing Roll Cage are -

- 1. Define the Project.
- 2. Study about Off-road Vehicle.
- 3. Select the design methodology.
- 4. Select Material of the ROLL CAGE structure.
- 5. Design of ROLL CAGE.
- 6. Analysis of ROLL CAGE.

A. Design and development of "ROLL CAGE."

The move confines structure and advancement procedure contain different components: material choice, cross area assurance, outline plan, and the limited component investigation. Our edge's great plan choice guarantees the security and unwavering quality of the driver and better execution and proficiency of the vehicle, which is accomplished by picking the great Material for the casing. To guarantee that the ideal Material is picked, the broad research was completed, and it is contrasted and alternate materials from numerous classes.



Fig 1: Roll Cage CATIA model Design

a) Roll Cage Structure

The move confine's plan goal is to typify all parts of the vehicle, including a driver effectively and securely. Important parts of the move confine concentrated on amid the plan and execution included driver wellbeing, suspension and drive-train mix, basic unbending nature, weight, and administrator ergonomics. The expected manufacture is essential because of the restrictions of the construct group's capacities and abilities and, besides structure mandates. The goal is to limit the quantity of welded joints on the casing for curve individuals. Twisting is less tedious and, when appropriately done, demonstrate a much lower pressure fixation.



Fig 2: Roll Cage Structure

- b) Elements of Roll Cage
- i. **Primary Members**
- Rear Roll Hoop (RRH)
- Roll Hoop Overhead Members (RHO)
- Front Bracing Members (FBM)
- Lateral Cross Member (LC)
- Front Lateral Cross Member (FLC)



Fig 3: Elements of Roll Cage

ii. Secondary Members

- Lateral Diagonal Bracing (LDB)
- Lower Frame Side (LFS)
- Side Impact Member (SIM)
- Fore/Aft Bracing Member (FAB)
- Under Seat Member (USM)
- All Other Required Cross Members

B. Frame Constraints

No	Constraint	Range
I	Vehicle Length	≤ 108*
2	Vehicle Width	≤64"
3	Heimet/Frame Clearance	≥ 6"
4	Driver/Frame Clearance	≥ 3"
5	Hp Clearance	≥ 5"
6	Frame Tubing Diameter	≥ I"
7	Wall Thickness of Rear Roll Hoop, Lateral Diagonal Bracing, Roll Hoop, Overhead Members, and Front Bracing Members	≥ 0.062*
8	Lower Frame Side, Side Impact Member, Fore/Alt Bracing, Front Lateral Cross Member, Lateral Diagonal Bracing	≥ 0.035
9	Rear Roll Hoop width @ 27" above Driver Seat	≥ 29"
10	Side Impact Member above seat bottom (vertically)	8"-14"
П	Rear Hoop Overhead Members above Driver Seat	≥41"
12	Front Bracing Member Angle from vertical	≤ 45°
13	Steel Carbon Content	≥ 0.18%

Fig 4: Frame Constraints

C. Designs



Fig 5: Side View



Figure 6: Top View



Fig 7: Front View

D. Tube Specification

• Outer Diameter: 29.2 mm (1.14 Inches)

• Wall Thickness: 1.65 mm (0.063 Inches)

At that point structure of the move confine considering AISI 4130 Chromoly pipes of demonstrated measurements was done and we may get the factor of wellbeing more than 2, which could advocated the choice.

E. Material Specification

As the vehicle will go contend in different Mini-Baja structures national com-request of did for the college understudies in India. So the basis for material choice of the move confine is entirely pursues the all standards expressed in the standard book which is given by the SAE India Baja. The Material will go use for the build of move confine must be of steel tubes with the base 0.18% carbon rate and ought to be of least 25.4mm external distance across with the base of 1.57mm divider thickness for the essential individuals and ought to be least of 25.4mm external width with the divider thickness 0.89mm for auxiliary individuals. After completed the broad research on the different variables like cost, quality, accessibility and load of Material, security of driver and simplicity of assembling, AISI1018 and AISI4130 steel tubes are considered for the edge plan. The AISI 4130 steel of aircraft grade is the Material selected for our move confine. Since the AISI4130 contains chromium and molybdenum as fortifying specialists with the carbon content 0.28-0.33%. Additionally the AISI4130 have great weld capacity and additionally machinability, it likewise has the high extreme tractable pressure and yield pressure. Dimension of Pipe:-

- Outer Diameter- 29.2 mm
- Wall Thickness 1.65 mm

We have selected AISI 1018 mild low carbon steel for the fabrication of the roll cage.

	Property
Material	AISI 4130
Carbon%	0.28
Density	7850 kg/m3
Yield strength	604
Ultimate Strength	756
Young's modulus	190 GPA
Poisons ratio	0.33
Roll cage weight	35 Kg
Total weight of the vehicle	220

We felt that one of the key plan choices of our casing that would enormously expand wellbeing, unwavering quality and execution is material determination.

III. ANALYSIS

In the wake of concluding the edge alongside its material and cross area, it is exceptionally basic to test the unbending nature and quality of the edge under different effect conditions. The casing ought to have the capacity to support every one of the effects, torsion, move over conditions and give full wellbeing to the driver without experiencing high pressure and misshapening. Limited component investigation is a mechanized strategy use by FEA Software for anticipating how an item responds to true powers, vibration conditions, and other physical impacts following up on it. Here we partition the fold confine into little sizes known as component and aggregate components on the model shape a work. The PC investigations the components and demonstrates to us an aggregate outcome. The Material and structure of move confine was finished and afterward FEA was performed on it. It is tried whether the move pen will have the capacity to withstand the different conditions like torsion, impact, bump and vibrations.

A. Different Analysis to be Carried

In the wake of concluding the casing alongside its material and cross segment, it is extremely fundamental to test the unbending nature and quality of the edge under serious conditions. The edge ought to have the capacity to with stand the effect, torsion, move over conditions and give nearly wellbeing to the driver without experiencing much distortion. Following tests were performed on the move confine.

- Front Impact Analysis
- Rear Impact Analysis
- Side Impact Analysis
- Roll over Analysis
- Torsional Analysis
- Rear Bump Analysis

All above examination is completed utilizing FEA on Ansys programming. So how about we see the accompanying investigation one by one. Front Impact Analysis:-

- Force:- Front four members of nose
- Fix Support:- Wishbone members
- Force = 220 X 9.81 X 8 = 17265 N (8G)
- Results:-
- Total Deformation = 1.2 mm
- F.O.S = 1.18



Fig 9: Front impact Analysis

IV. CONCLUSION

Chasis assumes essential job in Automobile get together and ought to be cautiously structured. The directed research has started with formation of 3D-CAD strong surmised display as a multi-body framework, after that strong work will be created where every single coincided component thought to be splendidly inflexible, and in definite phase of testing limited component investigation will performed utilizing Ansys programming bundle.

V. FUTURE SCOPE

- 1. Static Analysis will be finished.
- 2. Dynamic Analysis can be extension for further work.

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